Two decades of spaceborne measurements of Greenland ice sheet changes
The ESA Greenland CCI project

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Background
The ESA “Greenland_ice_sheet_cci” project is currently making past and present space measurements of Greenland ice sheet changes available for scientists, stakeholder and the general public. Data are part of a large set of ECV’s made available by the ESA Climate Initiative, as a contribution to GCOS (the Global Climate Observing System). Data are available via the website http://www.esa-icesheets-greenland-cci.org/ or at http://products.esa-icesheets-cci.org/

Ice Sheets CCI – is_cci

The ECV data produced for the Greenland ice sheet include detailed grids of elevation changes and ice flow velocities, as well as line data of grounding lines and calving front locations for major outlet glaciers. The "ice_sheets_cci" goal is to generate a consistent, validated, long-term and timely set of ECV’s, a.o. to improve the impact of satellite data on climate research and coupled ice sheet/climate models. Special focus is on use of data from ESA missions such as ERS, Envisat and the new Sentinel missions, but in the 2nd phase of the project, just initiated, mass balance data from the GRACE mission will also be included. Basic data are given on given on 5 x 5 km grids for elevation changes, 500 x 500 m from SAR velocity products,

Ice Velocities - IV

Ice Velocity data being produced by Sentinel-1, RadarSat, ALOS/Palsar, and to a smaller degree by ERS/Envisat, by CCI partners ENVEO, DTU and GEUS. Time series of velocities on major ice streams are available as well, with optical velocity tracking is currently being implemented.

Gravitmetric Mass Balance - GMB

Following a user consultation, a gravimetric mass balance product was added to the list of ECV’s. This product provides both grids of mass change for the entire Greenland Ice Sheet, as well as time series of Greenland-wide and and basin scales mass changes 2002-present.

Surface Elevation Changes - SEC

A new SEC product is produced from CryoSat-2. It has a much higher spatial resolution than ERS and Envisat, so more details for individual glacier systems are seen in the data.

Data availability
Data are made available to user groups, comprising ice sheet, climate & ocean and surface mass balance modellers, as well as remote sensing scientists, organisations and authorities via the website http://www.esa-icesheets-greenland-cci.org/

In Phase II of the Ice Sheets CCI, new data sources have been/will be incorporated, such as Cryosat-2 and AltiKa radar altimetry data for SEC, Sentinel-1 SAR data for IV, and Greenland Mass Balance (GMB) from GRACE, in cooperation with TU Dresden (M. Howarth)

References


Grounding Line Locations and Calving Front Locations (GLL and CFL)

Calving Front Locations are currently computed from 29 Outlet glaciers from radar imagery, and Grounding Line Locations from 5 North Greenland floating front glaciers.

Figure 3: CryoSat-2 Elevation Changes 2010-14 in m/yr, unsmoothed (left) and smoothed (right)

Figure 4: Example of 5-year running means of ERS/Envisat/CryoSat surface height changes

Figure 5: Mass trend grids 2010-14 (left panel) and basin time series (right panel) for Greenland derived from GRACE for the 8 “Zwally” drainage basins. The GRACE solutions are based on point mass inversion methods.