

Swiss Confederation

CM SAF Land Surface Temperature

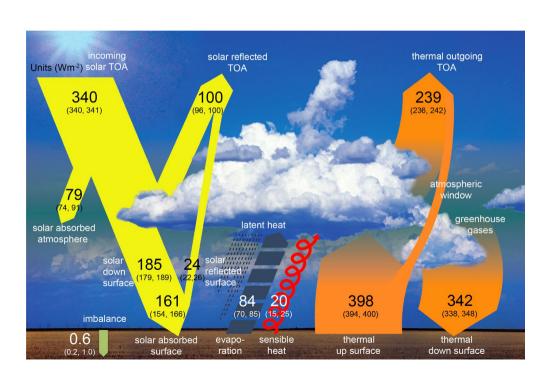
A. Duguay-Tetzlaff, A. Burgstall, Q. Bourgeois, M. Begert, R. Stöckli



EUMETSAT Climate Monitoring SAF



SUMET Meteosat Surface Radiation CDRs



Joint retrieval of all components of the surface radiation and fluxes:

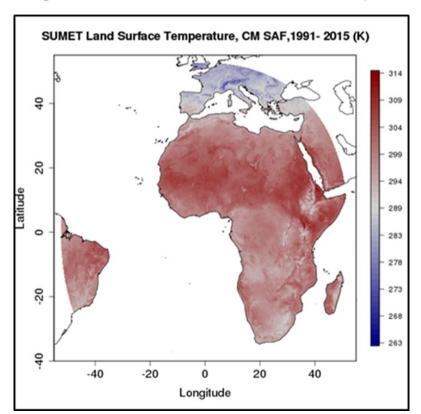
- Consistent algorithms
- Similar boundary conditions



Land Surface Temperature CDR



Long-term CDR back to 1991 spanning the two generations of Meteosat sensors.



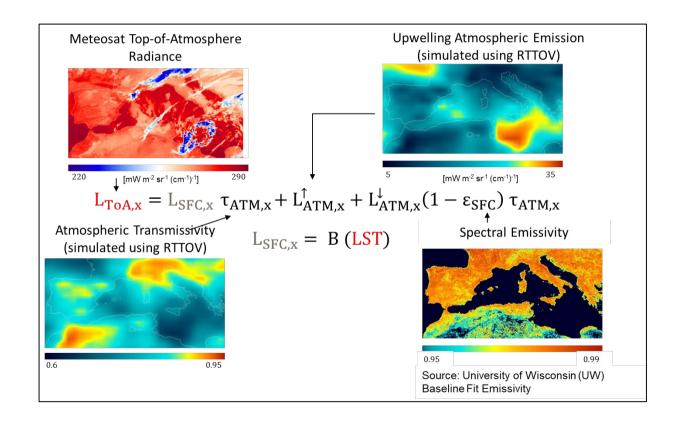
- Hourly & monthly diurnal cycle
- 0.05° lat & lon grid
- 1983-2020 (2nd release 2022)
- Clear sky Land Surface Temperature
- All sky Outgoing Longwave Radiation

https://www.cmsaf.eu/



Land Surface Temperature CDR





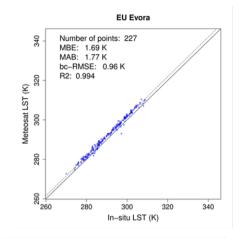
Single channel LST retrieval for MFG and MSG to ensure temporal consistency.

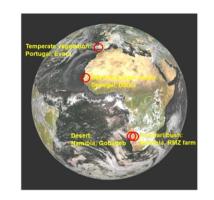
Depends on external fields to estimate the atmospheric state and the surface emissivity.

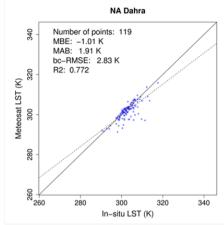


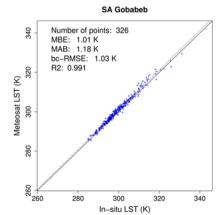
Land Surface Temperature CDR





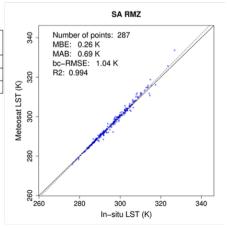






	Achieved Accuracy & Precision Physical LST model		
	Hourly	Daily	Monthly
Bias	0.8 K	0.7 K	0.8 K
Bc-RMS*	1.6 K	1.2 K	0.5 K

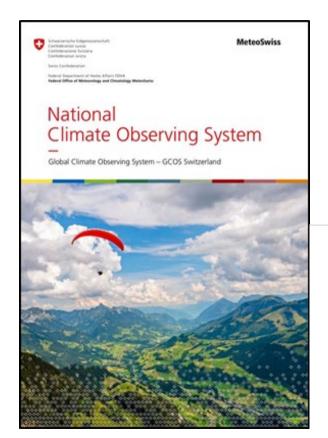
*bias-corrected root-mean-square difference



Essential Climate Variable ECV

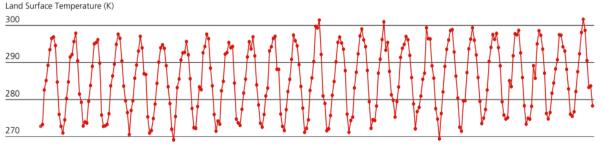
Essential Climate Variable







Land surface temperature based on Meteosat satellite data in Switzerland (Geneva)

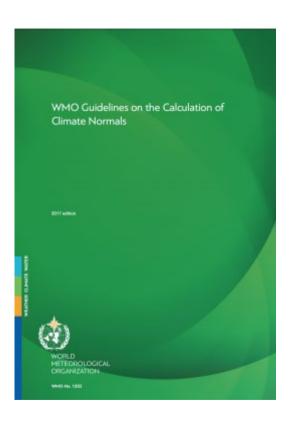


<u>260</u>
1995 2000 2005 2010 2015

Climate Monitoring

WMO New Climate Normal 1991-2020





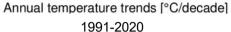
- benchmark or reference against which conditions (especially current or recent conditions) can be assessed
- they are widely used as an indicator of the conditions likely to be experienced in a given location.

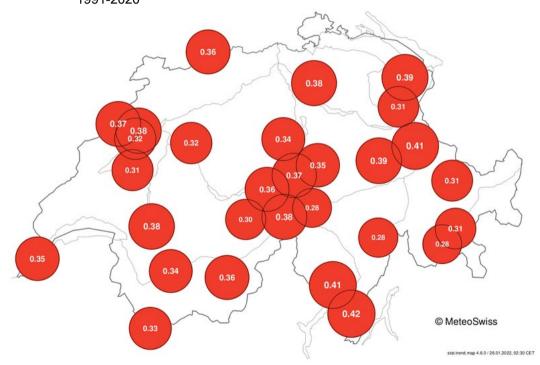
CM SAF LST v2.0 record length covers new WMO Climatological Normal



Station-based temperature trends



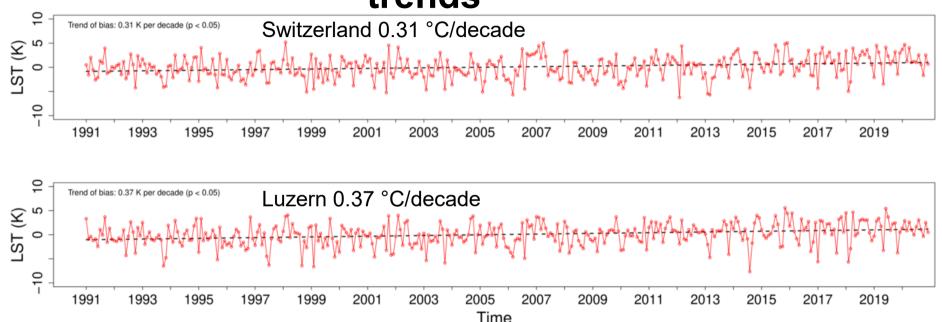






Satellite LST-based temperature trends



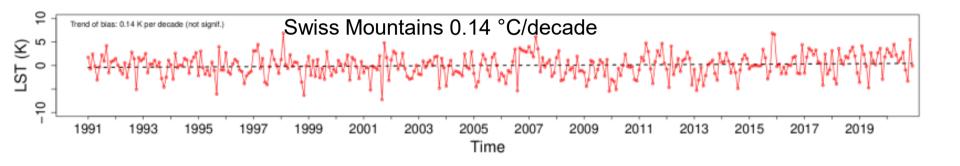


CM SAF Land Surface Temperature as a complementary temperature measure to confirm climate change!



Satellite LST-based temperature trends

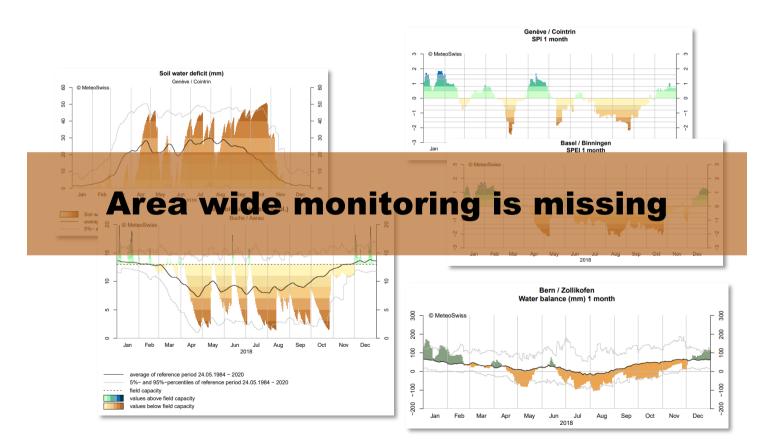




Elevation depended warming? → High resolution ESA CCI LST data to confirm trends over Swiss Mountains.

Drought Monitoring

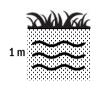
MeteoSwiss Drought Monitoring





Climatological Drought Monitoring





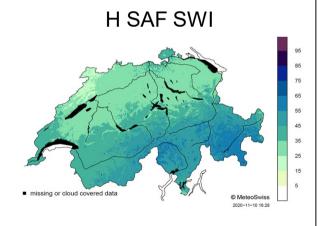
Soil Moisture



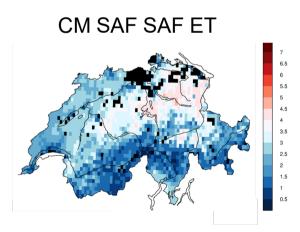
Evapotranspiration



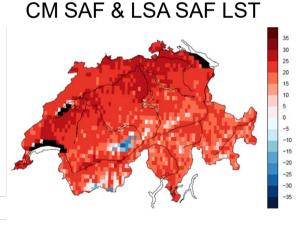
Temperature



ASCAT 2007-2020



Meteosat 1983-2020

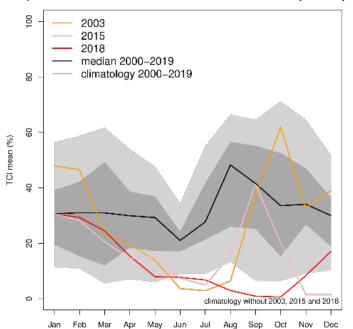


Meteosat 1983-2020

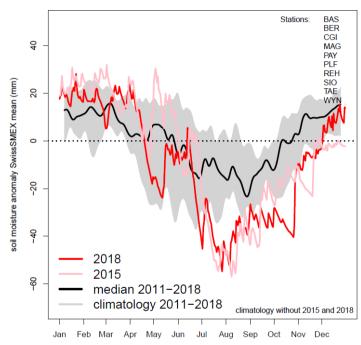
Climatological Drought Monitoring



Temperature Condition Index (TCI)



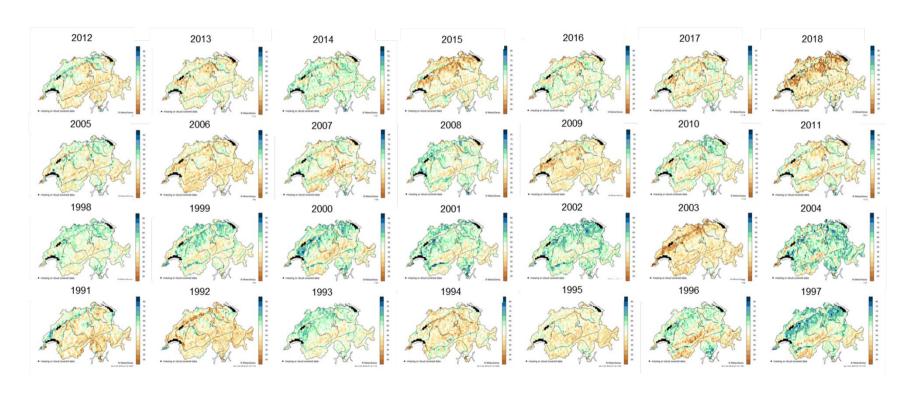
Soil Moisture



Seasonal evolution of monthly (**right**) Temperature Condition Index (TCI) and (**left**) Soil Moisture averaged over all stations in Switzerland.



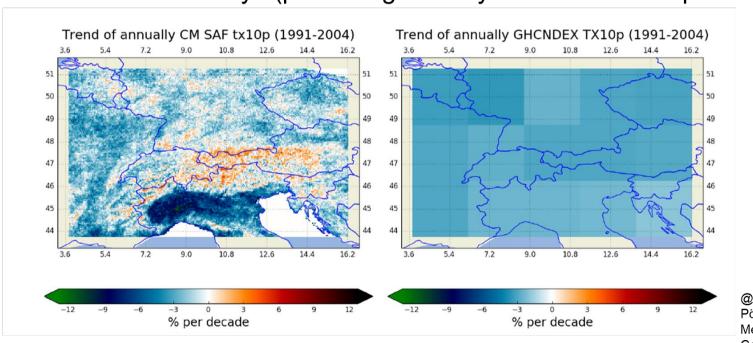
Vegetation Heat Index (VHI) in Switzerland using CM SAF LST & NOAA NDVI



Outlook: Climate Indicators



Number of Cool Days (percentage of days when T < 10th percentile)



@ Veronika Pörtge, UK MetOffice Hadley Centre

Outlook: Urban Heat





UHI Basel 2004-2020

Mar Apr Mai Jun

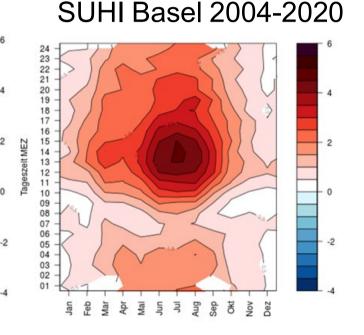
Jul Aug Sep Okt

18 17 16

13 12

fageszeit MEZ





Mapping the spatial extent of urban heat islands in Switzerland

Outlook CM SAF LST CDR



- 2022: Release of the new CM SAF LST TCDR v. 2.0 covering the new WMO norm period 1991 to 2020
- Statistical tuning of the CM SAF versus LSA SAF SEVIRI LST real-time data
- Quasi-global GeoRing LST by combining GOES, Meteosat and Himawari

Requirements



- Consistent and stable CDRs
- WMO Norm period 1991-2020
- High resolution LST CDR (1km)
- LST CDR and real time data with 100% similar algorithm

How can we best combine ESA CCI and CM SAF LSTs?